ALCOHOLIC.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

ETABLE EXTRACT!

A PURE TONIC.

R. HOOFLAND'S

MAN BITTERS,

PREPARED BY

R. C. M. JACKSON,

ADELPHIA, PENN.,

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

COMPLAINT,

DYSPEPSIA,

JAUNDICE,

or Nervous Debility, Diseases

Kidneys, and all diseases

rising from a disordered

Liver or Stomach

such

as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness of Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Flutterings at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

Can be entirely prevented by taking Hoofland's German Bitters, when used according to directions, which accompany each bottle, and which should be strictly complied with during the use of the Bitters.

These Bitters will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, &c., during the season, as they are powerful enough to expel from the system all the poisonous humors with which it is filled during the sickly season.

THEY CONTAIN

NEITHER ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKY!

but are made from the pure juices of roots, herbs and barks, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom by a chemical process in such a manner as to obtain the full strength and curative virtues of each ingredient used in their composition.

Among the many hundreds of certificates in the possession of the proprietor, the following from well known citizens of Philadelphia are selected:

From Rev. Wm. Rogers, Pastor of the Second Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different patent medicines, but have uniformly refused, from the conviction that it is not the province of a minister of the Gospel to do so. I have, however, been induced to depart from my usual custom, from the fact that I have been repeatedly asked if I would not recommend Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia. I have no hesitation in saying that in all cases of debility, arising from indigestion or want of action in the digestive organs, they are highly beneficial, and may be taken with safety and advantage by persons laboring under those complaints commonly termed bilious. Their component parts are highly recommended by the most eminent physicians, and from my knowledge of their efficacy in many cases, I have no hesitation in giving them a decided preference to any of the many patent medicines now offered to the public.

Yours, with respect,

WM. ROGERS.

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, Pastor of the Wharton Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Philadelphia.

I have frequently been requested to give certificates concerning the medicines purporting to be made from roots, herbs, barks, &c., but have refrained from doing so, because I have seen in many cases the names of persons who had no knowledge of the medicines published as having used them, and in some cases when they had used them they were entirely worthless. I have been induced to depart from my usual custom in consequence of having used Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia, and from the beneficial effects resulting from their use. I deem it my duty to say that I consider them a valuable tonic, and useful in cases of debility and want of action in the system, and recommend them as preferable to the many quack nostrums of the day.

Yours, truly,

JOSEPH H. KENNARD.

From Rev. Wm. D. Kelley, Pastor of the Israel Methodist Episcopal Church, Philadelphia.

I have used Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia, and believe them a valuable tonic, useful in cases of debility and want of action in the system. Yours, truly,

WM. D. KELLEY.

From Rev. Wm. Hunter, Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia.

I have frequently prescribed Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia, in cases of debility, and have found them to be a valuable preparation. Yours, truly,

WM. HUNTER.

From Rev. Henry A. Boardman, Pastor of the Tenth Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia.

I have frequently prescribed Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia, in cases of debility, and have found them to be a valuable preparation. Yours, truly,

H. A. BOARDMAN.

From Rev. Thos. J. Sawyer, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia.

I have frequently prescribed Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia, in cases of debility, and have found them to be a valuable preparation. Yours, truly,

THOS. J. SAWYER.

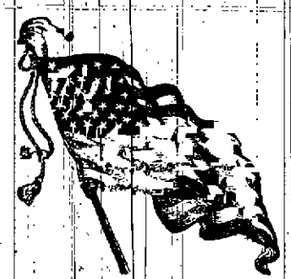
From Rev. Wm. Rudy, Pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, Philadelphia.

I have frequently prescribed Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared at Philadelphia, in cases of debility, and have found them to be a valuable preparation. Yours, truly,

WM. RUDY

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9, 1863.



No flag but the Old Flag—the Red, White and Blue.
With the stars of A Union unbroken and true!
Arise and defend it! ye sons of the brave,
Whose blood bought the banner your valor must save

The News.

No dispatch was received last night. We notice however, some items in the San Francisco papers of last Monday not before published by us:

Washington papers of May 28th state that the forts remaining in possession of the rebels at Vicksburg are very formidable and command the entire town. Several charges have been made upon them, but with little success. The rebels seem to think their position impregnable. The report that Pemberton offered to surrender on terms is confirmed. Banks is said to be rapidly approaching Vicksburg.

Wm. M. Evarts, Esq., of New York, now in England as a special Government agent, reports that he feels assured that the British Government will, in good faith do its best, to prevent the sailing of rebel pirates.

The New York *Herald's* special from Washington says that Gen. Stone, has been assigned to duty under Gen. Banks.

The report of the removal of Victor Smith from the Puget Sound Collectorship is not officially confirmed. Perhaps the story was one of Dr. Henry's romances—like his report as Deputy Surveyor to Col. Tilton, when he run with the Democracy!

APPROPRIATIONS FOR FORTIFICATIONS IN OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.—By the act of Congress of 20th February, 1862, the fortification bill provided *one hundred thousand dollars* for defences in Oregon and Washington Territory, at or near the mouth of the Columbia river, "if in the opinion of the President the same or any part thereof should be advisable." By the fortification bill passed 20th February, 1863, *two hundred thousand dollars* are appropriated for "defensive works in Oregon and Washington Territory."

Capt. G. H. Elliott, of the Corps of Engineers, who made a survey and report last summer on the defences needed at the mouth of the Columbia, is now ordered to commence their construction.

It is gratifying to find the Government at last aroused to the importance and duty of beginning such defences. We are assured that Gen. Alvord, from the moment he was placed in command, has not ceased to press upon the authorities at Washington the urgent necessity of such steps being taken, representing the fact that the population and commerce of the country were rapidly increasing, and justly demanded the attention of the War Department.

FROM FLORENCE.—We were permitted yesterday, to read a letter from the above locality, written by an entirely reliable gentleman there, who says that the prospects of the miners in that vicinity are highly encouraging and even brilliant. "*Two men in one day took out one hundred and three ounces of dust.*"—Wages were high: men would not work for less than $150 00 per month, and there was a spirit of confidence in the mining resources of the region far beyond what has heretofore been entertained.

Another British privateer of the *Alabama* stripe, named the *Virginia*, sailed from the Clyde on the 7th ult., and is probably now on the ocean way-laying and burning our ships. The day after she sailed the British Government issued orders for her detention; but it was too late. She had a full crew shipped in Liverpool, and it is believed that she laid off the coast of France until a full armament and a supply of ammunition was put on board of her from vessels sent to her from England.

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON RAILROAD CO.—A preliminary organization was made at Marysville on the 1st inst., and the following gentlemen are a part of the Board of Directors:—Gov. A. C. Gibbs of Portland, I. R. Moores of Salem, S. Ellsworth of Eugene City, and J. C. Tolman of Jacksonville. The parties concerned seem to have enlisted in the enterprise with great energy. We hope they will "roll it along" successfully and speedily.

SENATOR CONNESS.—At a late demonstration in Petaluma of the Union men, a letter from John Conness was read. The following is an extract:

More party names have lost their former significance in view of the national crisis.—We are all Democrats—Republicans; but better than all, we are Americans pledged to one undivided nationality. The heresy of a superior duty to States is fast passing away. The independence of States, in their local, provincial and municipal capacities, is rendered only the more secure by strengthening, consolidating and elevating the national dignity. The duty of citizens to States is to maintain these in their local and municipal character. The duty of citizens to the nation is to maintain its supremacy over States and its rank among nations forever and ever.—These things are becoming better understood, and notwithstanding the threatened disintegration, the mind of the nation is tending to centralization. And unity more than ever before. Out of all this our country will have a new birth. Neither morality nor poetry will be brought to shame by the product. It will not be a human bound by shackles, nor writhing beneath the lash; but it will be Liberty enshrined in Beauty, akin to godliness, beckoning to the nations that this is her home.

Company "A," Oregon Militia.

PORTLAND, June 5th, 1863.

EDITOR OREGONIAN:

Sir:—Under the state militia law, passed by the last legislature, there has been a number of companies organized, and quite a military movement is going on in our midst, which is a sure indication that our young and growing State is loyal to the core. Among those which have been formed and are ready for service, I shall mention the one from Multnomah county, entitled Co. "A," 1st Regiment 2d Brigade Independent Militia, State of Oregon, and commanded by Capt. W. S. Powell. On the 1st, 2d, and 3d inst., this company mustered in the vicinity of No. 2 School house, on the Columbia Bottom, and held a three days' encampment, in accordance with the above-mentioned law. I had the pleasure of being present and witnessing the exercises, and was somewhat astonished at their efficiency and soldierly bearing, especially so, as it was their first drill. Too much cannot be said in their praise. The men seemed to be thoroughly interested in the welfare of the company, and their general deportment won the highest praise from all spectators. The company numbers at present sixty-two men, who hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice in the defence of our country.

The officers evinced a thorough knowledge of military tactics, and are loved and respected by all the men. Brigadier General Collins was present for a few hours, and appeared very much pleased with all that passed. Several other citizens of Portland were also present. The next muster of this company will be largely attended by visitors. CRITIC.

CHARLESTON.—A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from Hilton Head, (S. C.,) April 15th, says:

Four deserters from the rebel camps near Savannah, came within our lines yesterday.—They state that in the engagement between the iron clad fleet and the Charleston Forts, Fort Sumter was breached in several places, and many of the rebel gunners put *hors de combat*. They also state that at one time the rebel commander at Fort Sumter (General Ripley) telegraphed to Charleston that there was a possibility of our iron clad fleet forcing the obstructions. This announcement created a panic in Charleston, and all the citizens and a large number of soldiers ran away from the city, beyond the range of Yankee shell. During the naval engagement the rebel land forces were kept under arms, and were anxiously watching several points from which they expected to see the Union troops emerge. From a tall tree on Folly Island one of these men saw the troops on James Island. He judged, from the several points at which they were stationed, that there were at least twenty thousand men on that island alone. No doubt they were as numerous on other islands. He also counted from his lookout no less than twenty-two rebel earth fortifications on James, John's and Morris Islands.

There are three lines of obstructions in Charleston harbor. The first consists of a *chevaux de frieze*, made of palmetto logs and chain cable. The logs are sharpened at the end and capped with iron, the points just below the surface of the water and at an inclination of forty-five degrees. This line extends from Fort Sumter to Fort Moultrie. The second line is about fifty yards in the rear of the first, and consists of one immense chain cable, placed a few feet below the surface of the water, buoyed up at intervals by large square buoys. The third line of obstructions consists of sunken blocks made of palmetto logs, filled in with stone or other weighty material. The channel parts of these obstructions are so arranged that the rebel vessels can pass through them. When they are closed at night, or in case of an attack, these channel ways and obstructions have infernal machines attached to them.

GEN. BRAGG'S REPORT OF THE BATTLE OF STONE RIVER.—A correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* says that Gen. Bragg's official report of the battle of Stone river "censures Gen. Hardee for general mismanagement, and reflects severely upon Gen. Breckinridge; indeed, that such is its remarkable character that it must necessarily bring about a court of inquiry in the premises." A letter from Bragg is away about this report, says:

"Gen. Breckinridge is charged with total incompetency, and blamed with the miscarriage of the battle; Gen. Cheatham with being inebriated on the field in the presence of the enemy. Gen. Hardee is censured with slowness and inaction; Gen. McGown and command with the disobedience of orders. Gen. Polk's name is not mentioned in the report. Generals Claiborne and Withers are complimented. The highest tribute of praise and honor is paid to General Withers and command, awarding him the credit of having saved the day by the courage, discipline and soldierly bearing of the officers and men of his division."

This correspondent says, "Oh! Bragg, you will be damned for the telling the truth."

A REBEL APPEAL.—The Richmond *Examiner* says:

Now, if ever, is the time to plant the corn that alone can carry the Confederacy through the trial of this year. Not many plant seed tobacco, which they think will not be impressed, and which is worth much money. We would say a word to them. If the country cannot supply the army with provisions during this summer, the army can't remain in Virginia. If it leaves Virginia, it must be given up to the Yankees, who will appropriate not only tobacco, cotton and of war, but seize everything else that we have, and reduce the country to a wilderness. If the Legislature adjourns without prohibiting the culture of tobacco and requiring the officers of the law to destroy every leaf which they find growing for twelve months to come, the chance of this State is indeed, poor.

TAXATION IN VIRGINIA.—A bill before the Virginia Legislature, proposed by the Finance Committee, levies a tax on all incomes of $500 and upward, ranging from five to fifteen per cent. Joint stock companies are assessed ten to sixteen per cent. of dividends and reserved funds. Each farmer, after reserving for his own use one hundred bushels of corn and thirty bushels of wheat produced this year, shall pay and deliver to the Confederate Government one tenth of the grain, forage, sugar, cotton, tobacco or wool produced. Also one-tenth of the hogs slaughtered by him; in cured bacon. On the value of all neat cattle, horses, mules and asses, one per cent. What would our people say to such taxation?

BOUGHT OR AGAIN.—We observe that the opposition are already complaining that in Connecticut, as in Rhode Island, their voters were bought up so as to turn the scale against them. What a very mercenary and unprincipled party theirs must be, if we are to judge from what they themselves say of it, since it can even be hired to vote against itself!—Suicide is nothing compared with such conduct.

The report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War, with the testimony appended, makes a volume of over 3,000 pages of solid matter, document size; the printing of which is just now about completed. Who'll ever read it?

Miscellaneous Paragraphs.

The soldiers in the vicinity of Corinth, Miss., are marrying the females the cabants, with the limitation added to the contract, "while the war lasts." It is a question whether these little treaties of peace are conducive to a brief war.

James T. Brady said in one of his speeches that the Copperheads decorate their persons with a coin valued at one cent, because that is their estimate of the value of their principles. He thought, however, injustice was done to the cent.

If we do not have the best artillery in the world before the war is over, it won't be from a dearth of invention. Mr. Ericsson, of New York, proposes to the Government to make six wrought iron guns, thirteen inch calibre, at $30,000 for each gun. Mr. Robt. McCarty, of New York, has also proposed to build a ten-inch gun to throw by centrifugal force, from thirty to fifty shot, shell, or hot shot, per minute—the price of each gun to be from $25,000 to $30,000.—*Albany Journal*.

Fernando Wood in his last infamous speech attempted to prove his patriotism by saying that he had raised a regiment at his own expense. The officers of the regiment referred to, the 40th New York, hearing of his statement, at once passed resolutions, declaring that he never furnished them a man or a dollar, and that they "desire to escape the ignominy of a suspicion of even the faintest sympathy with the man who declares that loyalty to a republic is a meaningless and indefinite term."

It is the intention of the President to assign to active duty in the field every military officer of every grade who is fit for service. This will remove hundreds of "able bodied" officers in Washington and other cities, and fill their places by those who, by wounds or sickness, have been rendered unable to perform active duty. This should have been done months ago. Some of our most experienced and capable officers are occupying mere bureaucratic positions, while hosts of incompetents are doing service—or *undoing* it—in the field. We are not blessed with an over-abundance of military genius; but if the right men could be put, everywhere in the right place, the war would very soon assume a different and more hopeful phase.

WAR WORK IN SUMMER TIME.—A recent article in the Richmond *Examiner* prophesied that the campaign and the war would culminate during the present month, and that a rebel victory would end the war, as the Union troops could not operate in the South after June. Jeff. Davis seems to throw out the same idea in his message, when he predicts that the falling waters and the increasing heats of Summer will complete our discomfiture. These rebels must have short memories. The heats of last Summer, which were very intense, did not put a stop upon our operations, either in the East or West. June, July, August and September were the four battle months of the year; and were only equalled by the Winter month of December, which witnessed three of our greatest battles. At the beginning of June the battle of Fair Oaks was fought, and the terrible series of battles on the Peninsula, together with General Fremont's campaign in the Shenandoah valley, followed—not to speak of the naval battle above Memphis, and the occupation of that city on the 6th, the battle on James Island (S. C.) on the 16th, and many actions in Mississippi. On the 1st of July the battle of Malvern Hill was fought, and there was an engagement of respectable size almost every day in the month. In August came the great and severe Virginia campaign of Gen. Pope. In September was the Maryland campaign of General McClellan, the Kentucky campaign of General Bluff, and some of the hardest fighting of the war, including Rosecrans's victory of Iuka, in Mississippi. All this, beside heavy campaigning in Arkansas, and indeed all over the South. If we have as much hard work in the hot months of this year as we had in those of last, neither the rebel army nor ours will complain of idleness.

THE COMBAT DEEPENS.—The Richmond *Enquirer* concludes a long leader under this caption, as follows:

The alternative then is before us, and the decision is near; we are either to be victorious and famous people, a support to our friends and a terror to our enemies; or else—may God be between us and harm!—an overpressed nationality, one of the meanest peoples of the earth, blushing about our grievances and sores, to the disgust of mankind, and invoking execrations (in vain!) against our masters and owners, the Yankees! In vain, for nobody heeds an "oppressed nationality;" its grievances are a bore; its words are not believed; success has the ear of the world, and tells its own story and its victims too; our portion through all time will be not only beggary, but contempt.

This is the truth. Would that every man at the South thinking laid it to heart. Surely there would not be a straggler from his post; not an officer, on pretence of duty or health, strutting idle in our streets. It will be no credit hereafter to have been faring well in all the "battles of the war," from Manassas to Murfreesboro. That was child's play; the battle of the war is to come, this month, or next month, or is now raging along the whole line. Pity the mother whose son will not be in that melee, and yet live to tell it!

BY ESPECIAL ATTENTION is respectfully directed to our exclusive manufacture of the renowned GOLDEN BALSAM, a preparation compounded by the celebrated Dr. Le Baron, of Paris, and which we pledge our integrity to be a speedy and efficacious remedy for Syphilis, in all its stages. For obvious reasons, we cannot obtain for publicity testimonials as to its efficacy; but among the innumerable cases in which it has been administered, we have never known the instance of its failure. The celebrity this medicine has acquired is of itself a sufficient guarantee of its intrinsic merit, and that it is no boon to suffering humanity.

Sent by Express to any part of the Continent, Wholesale and Retail.

Price, $50 a dozen or $5 per Bottle.

Golden Balsam No. 1, for first and second stages, such as sores on the legs or body, sore eyes, &c. Golden Balsam No. 2, for Tertiary, Mercurial or Syphilitic Rheumatism.

RICHARDS & WHITFIELD,
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Corner of Clay and Sansome streets San Francisco.
SMITH & DAVIS, Agents, Portland, Oregon. my17m3

DENTAL CARDS.—Certificates received by the W. KOEHLER from his former patrons or residence: This is to commend to the Dr. W. KOEHLER, a Practical Dentist, as per his skill, and professional attainments, and cheerfully recommend Dr. Koehler to all who may need dental services. J. S. TITUS, M.D.
Placerville, May 5th, 1860.

Those known Dr. KOEHLER will greatly benefit by his place to some time past. He is thoroughly versed in his profession, and I would cordially recommend him to those in want of obtaining the services of an educated and skilful Dentist. JOHN COOKE, M.D.
Placerville, May 5th, 1860.

MORNING HOME, August 30, 1860.
Having had occasion to employ several operators to construct sets of artificial teeth for me, but without having derived any benefit from them, I at last consulted Dr. W. KOEHLER, to whom I gave my case for another trial. He made me a full set of teeth, which I can now wearing with all the comfort and satisfaction desired, and I would recommend him to all in need of the services of a skilful Dentist. W. McFADDEN, M. D.

Scald Head Cured.

RICHMOND, IND., May 1, 1863.
Messrs. A. L. Scovill & Co.—Gents: It is with pleasure that I write you, and let you know the result of DR. MOTT'S PILLS on my daughter. Some three years ago she was troubled with Scald Head, and the head was one mass of sores. We tried almost every thing we could think of, without being cured. I got DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS and used them as directed, and in six weeks she was entirely restored. Yours, &c. JAMES JOHNSON.
EDDINGTON & CO., Agents, 116 and 118 Front street, San Francisco, Agents for the Pacific Coast. jn8d1w1m

PRESERVE YOUR BEAUTY, SYMMETRY OF FORM, YOUR HEALTH, AND MENTAL POWERS, by using that Safe, Pleasant, Popular and Specific Remedy known as
HEIMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
Read the Advertisement in another column, and profit by it—Diseases and Symptoms Enumerated. Cut it out, and Preserve it. You may not now require it, but may at some Future Day.
"It gives health and vigor to the frame,
And bloom to the pallid cheek."
It Saves Long Suffering and Expense. Beware of Counterfeits! Cures Guaranteed.

TO EPICURES—A LUXURY.
The VIRGIN OIL OF AIX, (specially purified and delicate) article of SALAD OIL for Table Use, just received direct from the New York importers and for sale by
SMITH & DAVIS,
my14-2m 71 Front street.

Ho! for Boise, John Day and the Powder River Gold Mines!
THROUGH WITHOUT DETENTION!
The only sure and safe way for miners to reach the new mines, without being detained on the road, to secure their
Supplies in Portland!
And is prepared to go either by land or water, from the Dalles to the New Diggings!
200,000 pounds choice Oregon Bacon, 10,000 pounds superfine Flour, 10,000 pounds of selected Beans, 500 pairs of Oregon Gray Blankets, together with full supply of Groceries, Boots, Shoes and [illegible] into outfitting articles can now be obtained at HAWKINS BROS.,
No. 123, Front street, opposite the Upper Wharf.
Portland, March 4, 1863. dtf

NEW TO-DAY.

$10 Reward.
LOST—A LIGHT COLORED MALE CANARY BIRD, on Saturday evening last. Any one finding and returning the Bird to Mrs. LOUISA DYLE, at No. 99 Second street, will receive the above reward. jn9d3t

Board or Boare and Lodging
WANTED in a private family, by a young man. Address, stating terms, BOX 112 POST OFFICE.

Three States Papers for 25 Cents,
AT CHARLES BARRETT'S

WILLAMETTE THEATRE
LESSEE AND MANAGER ..... G. B. WALDRON

N. B.
The public are respectfully informed that hereafter, until further notice, there will be performances at this Theatre but
Three Nights a Week,
VIZ:
Tuesdays,
Thursdays,
and Saturdays,
and all plays presented will be ENTIRELY NEW.
Tuesday Evening, June 9th,
This performance will commence with the Great Moral Drama of
THE DRUNKARD
Or the Fallen Saved.
EDWARD MIDDLETON ..... G. B. WALDRON
Cribbs, ... E. Rosers
Bill Dawson, ... B. S. Matthias
1st Lodger, ... J. Estes
Farmer Stevens, ... P. Tracy
MARY WILSON ..... MISS MITCHELL
Miss Standle, ... Mrs. Waldron
Julia ..... Miss Minnie Gillespie
To conclude with the Favorite Farce of
Sent to the Tower
Characters by the Company.
Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Pit, 50 cents.

1776. 1863.
CELEBRATION
OF THE
Eighty-Seventh Anniversary
OF OUR
NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE!!

THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND INTEND CELEBRATING the coming anniversary of American Independence by a
PARADE,
ORATION,
FREE BARBACUE
AND
GRAND DISPLAY OF
FIRE-WORKS!!
Together with other features suited to the proper commemoration of this time-honored occasion, and extend a cordial invitation to their fellow citizens throughout this State and Washington Territory to unite with them.

☞ All Associations, Societies, or other organized bodies desirous of participating will please notify the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements before the 1st of July, in order that suitable arrangements may be made for their reception and escort on that day.

A full programme of the Exercises of the Day will shortly be published.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements.
W. S. CAMPBELL, Sec'y. H. W. GREEN, Chairman.
Portland, June 4th, 1863. jn8d3t

Notice.
THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE Fourth of July Celebration request that any person who has contributed to the expenses of music engaged for the occasion, will call on or address a note to W. S. CAMPBELL, Secretary of the Committee, at the County Clerk's office.
Portland, June 6, 1863. jn9

For Sale.
THE BUILDING known as the "BARREL FACTORY," adjoining Carbaugh & Stinson's Saw Mill, with the lot on which it stands—lot 1, Block 20, Couch's addition. Apply to
jn8d1w RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

Wanted.
A JOURNEYMAN PRINTER, who is all right, and can get steady employment, on application at the MOUNTAINEER OFFICE, DALLES. Wages paid in full at the end of each week. jn6d1w

Fourth of July
FIRE WORKS!
SKY ROCKETS, ROMAN CANDLES, TRIANGLE WHEELS, BENGOLAS, MINES OF STARS AND SERPENTS, FIN WHEELS, AND HAIR LIGHTS, SERPENTS AND GRASSHOPPERS, PULLERS, &C. 100 BOXES CHINA FIRE-CRACKERS.
Orders received for public exhibitions of any extent.
SPLENDID FLAGS OF ALL SIZES.
Gold paid for Legal Tenders.
CHARLES BARRETT'S.

Wanted to Rent.
A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE, conveniently located to the business part of the town.
Address X at this office.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
Immense Sacrifice!!
SELLING OFF
To clear for a Brick Store!!!
The Entire Stock of
STATIONERY, &C.!
Worth $20,000!
School Books,
Histories,
Novels, Maps,
Blank Books,
Letter Presses, Notary Public Presses;
Playing Cards, Blank Cards;
Diaries for 1863; Letter Paper;
Envelopes, Bankers' Cases;
Photographic Albums, Albums;
Twine of all Kinds;
Fish Hooks and Lines;
Drawing Paper;
Drawing Instruments;
Card Board, Bristol Board;
Paints, Water Colors and Brushes, in boxes;
Musical Instruments, Music;
Shoe Brushes, Whitewashing Brushes;
Crumb Brushes, Horse Brushes,
Hair Brushes;
Powder and Powder Flasks;
Steam Gauges & Water Glasses;
Cutlery, Baskets, Dressing Cases,
Ladies' and Gents' Chess Men & Boards;
Fishing Lines, Trout Lines;
Cash Boxes and Deed Boxes,
Inkstands, and
SOMETHING OF EVERYTHING.
CHARLES BARRETT,
Wholesale and Retail Exporter.

AUCTION HOUSE,
A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER,
Corner of Front and Oak sts.
AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.
Sale Days Wednesday and Saturday.
aug26 A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.
A. J. BUTLER,
Pioneer Hatter,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the public generally, and to some of the citizens of Portland PARTICULARLY, that he DOES NOT deal in Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, &c., &c., but he does desire to inform them that he is a
Legitimate Practical Hatter,
and has served a regular apprenticeship to become so. We deal in nothing but
HATS AND CAPS,
and have them in
Every Variety, Style, Color, Shape & Price
to be found in a first class Hatter's Store.
In selling a gentleman a Hat, we do not permit him to wear the same, if it be a Soft Hat, out of our establishment until the packing crosses have been cut, and if it be a Stiff Hat, until it has been moulded and shaped to suit the particular formation of his head.
We do not ask a person a price, expecting to fill to possibility of the original price asked. BUT ONE PRICE and no abatement in our way of doing business.
That principle being understood, we solicit the patronage of the public generally.
A. J. BUTLER,
Pioneer Hatter,
Front street, Portland, Oregon.
ja2d1m

JOHN R. SIMS,
MANUFACTURER OF
Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters,
BANA VAULTS,
Gratings, Cemetery Railing, Balconies, &c.
OREGON STREET,
Between Front and Davis, Washington and Jackson, San Francisco, Cal.
ALL ORDERS from the interior of Oregon and Washington Territory, or any place on the Pacific coast, attended to with promptness and dispatch.
MR. SIMS appreciates the past liberal patronage of his friends, and trusts he may continue to merit it in the future. For information of references, he would say that he feels confident that any one who has had work done by him is surpassed by none on this coast, which his superior work, now to almost every town in California, Oregon, Victoria, and all the Sandwich Islands, and to be seen in some of the best buildings in San Francisco, fully attest.
Also—A very large lot of Second Hand Shutters, of various dimensions, all for sale at very low rates.
N. B.—Mr. L. M. BURTON of Portland, will make contracts for Iron Work in my name. jn16d3m

Just Received!
A FRESH STOCK OF
NEW MUSIC and MUSIC BOOKS,
comprising all of the VERY LATEST PUBLICATIONS
By E. G. RANDALL,
jn8d1f 62 Front street, Portland.

Sugar! Syrup! Coffee!
THE CARGO OF THE BARK CAMBRIDGE FROM the Sandwich Islands, consisting of
SUGARS, in Mats and Kegs;
COFFEE, MOLASSES;
SYRUPS and PULU;
For sale by the undersigned in lots to suit purchasers.
ALDEN & LEWIS.
Portland, June 1st 1863. jn2d1m

FINE ARTS.
VISITORS OF SAN FRANCISCO would not miss a call at the largest Fine Art Store of California, where they are able to find an immense variety of
Fine Engravings,
LITHOGRAPHS, PHOTOGRAPHS,
Framed and Japanned Ambrotypes,
CARTES DE VISITE,
Studies superior Materials for PAINTING and DRAWING, at as moderate prices.
ROOS & WREDEN BUSCH,
[illegible] & Co.,
my9-3m 219 Montgomery street, (Bush Block.)

For Sale Cheap.
A FLAT BOAT, [illegible] feet long, [illegible] feet wide. Apply to GEO. H. PRIMMER,
jn2d1m Lower Cascades, W. T.

Notice.
WE THE UNDERSIGNED hereby give notice that we have this day formed a [illegible] for the purpose of carrying on the mercantile business, under the name and style of Simon & Meerholz, in the brick building lately occupied by D. Simon, No. 157 Front street, Portland.
Dated this 26th day of May, 1863.
D. SIMON.
NATHAN MEERHOLZ.
jn4d3w

Auction Sales.
M. MANSFIELD,
Auctioneer,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Begs to inform the public that he gives his personal attention to the sales of
Real Estate, Merchandise, Etc.
ALSO TO
Household Furniture
at Private Residences, when desired.
GOODS ON COMMISSION
SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.
N. B.—M. Mansfield respectfully informs the Public that he has leased the commodious two-story building No. 50, FRONT STREET, opposite Saxter & Co., for the purpose of continuing the AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSINESS.
REFERENCES:
Allen & Lewis, Saxter & Co., Ladd, Reed & Co.,
J. Kelly & Co., J. C. Ainsworth, Ladd & Tilton.
J. Seller & Co., A. Cahn & Co., mar14d1f

J. KALLMES,
WHOLESALE
GROCERY & LIQUOR DEALER,
45 Front st., next door to Saxter & Co.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
J. KALLMES would respectfully call the attention of the trade and the public generally to his well-assorted stock of
LIQUORS AND GROCERIES,
—which consist of—
FINE BRANDIES—
Sazerac de Forge & Fils, J. & F. Martell,
Otard, Dupuy & Co., United Vineyard Prop'rs,
A. Seignett, And many other brands.
WHISKIES, WINES, &c.—
Old Bourbon Whisky, Fine Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye, Old N. E. Rum,
Old Scotch Whiskey, Fine Old Tom Gin,
Fine Old Holland Gin,
Fine Old Port and Sherry Wines,
Fine Old Peach and Cherry Brandy.
A Large Assortment of CASE LIQUORS Also, a large and well assorted stock of
GROCERIES,
always on hand. J. KALLMES,
45 Front street, next door to Saxter & Co.
Portland, March 14, 1863. tf

Our National Birthday
We are now prepared to furnish Steamboats, Clubs or Companies
OF CITIES AND TOWNS
with new and appropriate designs of
FIRE-WORKS
FOR THE
FOURTH OF JULY, 1863,
from novel and beautiful designs of our own, and will make to order
Large Fancy Pieces
From any design or pattern furnished. Prices ranging in the from 25 feet to 200 feet frontage [illegible] 100 feet in height. We also offer our newly [illegible] stock, consisting in part of
SKY ROCKETS, COLORED;
SKY ROCKETS, PLAIN;
SERPENTS;
BLUE LIGHTS;
BOMB ROCKETS;
FOUNTAINS;
[illegible];
ROMAN CANDLES, COLORED;
ROMAN CANDLES, PLAIN;
FLORAL SHELLS;
VOLCANOES;
CONSTELLATIONS;
[illegible];
[illegible];
WHEELS.
Portable pieces, for country exhibitions, packed with care, so that they can be shipped to any part of this State, or any of the adjoining States or Territories.
Union Torpedoes
AND
CONSTITUTION FIRE CRACKERS.
A larger style of Fire Cracker than ever before sold in this country—made in China to [illegible] orders—and explode with a very loud report.
All Fire Works sold by us (except small Pin Wheels, small Serpents, and Fire Crackers) are manufactured at our Laboratory in San Francisco, by the Superintendence of Mr. Geo. H. Fowler, long and favorably known as the head of the late firm of J. G. Hovey's celebrated Pyrotechnic establishment, in Boston, Mass., and we will confidently guarantee the excellence of our work.
Printed Bills of Fire Works and prices supplied on application by mail or Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.
CHURCH & CLARK,
No. 407 Front street,
San Francisco.
my9d2p

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
TO THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND AND VICINITY.
MRS. WHITE,
(Late of New York City,)
HAS OPENED A MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING Establishment, at
No. 69 Front st., under the Dennison House
where she will keep on hand a complete assortment of
PATTERNS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS
of all the LATEST STYLES in ladies and children's dress.
The Ladies of Portland and vicinity are respectfully invited to give the subscriber a call.
my15d1m Mrs. EMMA A. WHITE.

DRY GOODS.
HENRY HUGHES,
AGENT,
For J. Neale Plumb, New York.
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
GERMAN AND
AMERICAN
DRY GOODS.
HOSIERY,
PRINTS,
LINENS,
WHITE GOODS.
MENS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
Military Goods, Etc.
NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.
HENRY HUGHES, Agent.
215 and 220 Battery street,
Between California and Sacramento.
jn8d1m2p

Wanted.
A NEW SMART MAN, possessing fair business qualifications, to act as agents for A VALUABLE WORK. Good pay guaranteed. Apply immediately to
my28d6t A. B. BUTLER, Western Hotel.

The Daily Oregonian

CITY.

The MORNING OREGONIAN has a larger SUBSCRIPTION LIST than any other Daily published in this City.

Money Market.

New York Gold Quotations.....
San Francisco Legal Tender rates.....

CIRCUIT COURT.—The Grand Jury, consisting of Henry Law, Foreman, Wm. Cree, W. Burch, Wm. Sherlock, R. P. Cardwell, A. Hungerford and Wm. Palmer, was sworn and charged by the Court, and retired for the dispatch of criminal matters. Other jurors were excused until Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

On account of the absence of W. C. Johnson, Prosecuting Attorney, W. L. Hill, Esq., was appointed special prosecuting officer by the Court for the term.

The law and equity dockets were called in order, and several cases disposed of.

RECORDER'S COURT.—This week opens very brisk in the Recorder's Court. Yesterday seven cases were disposed of; and we grieve to say that they were all arraigned for being drunk and disorderly, but rejoice that each offender was able to pay his fine. Several cases make a good commencement, and we cannot predict how the week's business will end, but rather incline to the belief that the city treasury will be considerably replenished.

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The steamer *Brother Jonathan* was advertised to leave San Francisco on Sunday, the 7th, at 10 o'clock A. M. She may therefore be expected here this evening or to-morrow morning.

"THE DRUNKARD."—Don't forget the great play of "The Drunkard" to-night, at the Theatre. The common play of "A Drunkard" is not an uncommon sight in this town, but to-night may be seen "what comes of it," and a lesson given how to avoid it; hence, we hope that many will go and see it, as some will probably be benefited, none injured, and all well entertained and delighted.

A SINGER GONE.—A canary bird is advertised as lost, and a reward of $10 offered.—See advertisement.

The Oregon Steam Navigation Company are setting up at the Cascades two fine locomotives, for the use of the Dalles and Deschutes Railroad.

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THE STRENGTH OF THE PEOPLE.—The power of the President has not been developed more rapidly than the whole governmental energy of the people has. It may well be doubted whether it has not lagged behind and been rather than gained in its relative importance. The nation has roused itself to defend its life, and has demanded more of vigor in its organs. When one stands up to strike down an assailant, the muscles of his arm will swell as he lifts it, but it does not follow that the strongman is not as much the master of his arm as he was before. The President is our arm, and we have made him bigger with our will but that has not caused him to be stronger than we are. We are as able to make him little again as we ever were.—We have compared the administration of a free government to a staff in the hands of the people. When the fellows sprang upon him just now from out of the bush, Jonathan looked about him for a stouter stick to lay about him with. This is how he comes to have a stouter government, sometimes wishes that the cudgel were even thicker. It has not yet occurred to him to be afraid of the big club he carries.—*Springfield Republican.*

Coughs, Colds, Influenza.—To all who suffer from these complaints, and wish to find a permanent remedy, we say, try DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM, a medicine which contains no Opium, and has cured the worst cases among our own citizens.
REDINGTON & CO.,
General Agents for the Pacific Coast.
116 and 118, Front street, San Francisco.

DIED:

Wells, 31st May, 1863, of congestive fever, Mrs. [illegible], wife of Hon. Wm. Cook, aged 49 years, and [illegible] W. T.

[illegible], June 6th, after a lingering illness, B. T. [illegible], early of Salem, in the 64th year of his age.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

...ction Sales.

...ANSFIELD,
...uctioneer.
—AND—
...SSION MERCHANT,
...the public that he is ... the sale of ...
...tate, Merchandise, Etc.
—AND—
...ehold Furniture
...rivate Residence ... street
...S ON COMMISSION
...SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE
...Handell respectfully informs the ... that he ... used the room all the ... STREET ... Store ... Building, ... making the AUCTION & COMMISSION ...

REFERENCES
Sawyer & Co ... Ladd, Reed & Co
J C Ainsworth ... Dalles Transportation Co
A Co...y & Co ...

KALLMES,
WHOLESALE
...W & LIQUOR DEALER,
...st, next door to Sawyer & Co,
PORTLAND OREGON.
...S would respectfully call the attention of ... and the public generally to his well assorted
...S AND GROCERIES,
—which consist of—
...NDIES—
...orge & Hall ... J & S Martell,
...y & Co ... Hunt & Hayward Pronay
... And many other brands
... WINES, &c—
...Whisky, ... Fine Old Jamaica Rum
... Old Tom Gin
...hiskey ... Old Cabinet Gin
...and Gin
...and Sherry Wines
...h and Cherry Brandy
...nent of CASE LIQUORS, also a large ...
...tock of
...OCERIES,
...HALLMES
...Front street, next door to Sawyer & Co
...b 14, 1863 ...

...tional Birthday

...s prepared to supply in full limits
...OR CO'S Mirrors
...Y CITIES AND TOWNS
... and appropriate exhibitions of
...E-WORKS
FOR THE
... OF JULY, 1863,
...beautiful designs of our own and will make to order
Fancy Pieces
...t pattern furnished ... varying in size ... feet frontage, and from 20 ... 100 feet in ... offer our newly manufactured stock con...

...TS, COLORED,
...KETS, PLAIN,
...PENTS,
...BLUE LIGHTS,
BOMB ROCKETS
FOUNTAINS,
STARS
AURORAS,
...NDLE'S COLORED
...N CANDLES, PLAIN,
...ORAL SHELLS,
VOLCANOES
CONSTELLATIONS
BATTERIES
CHIPPETS
WHEELS
...for country exhibitions, packed with ... can be shipped to any part of this State ...ing States or Territories
... Torpedoes
AND
...ION FIRE CRACKERS.
...Fire Crackers than ever before sold in ... in China for our special order—and ... ...rd report
...old by us (except small Fin Wheels ... Fire Crackers) are manufactured ... San Francisco under the Superintendence of ... Fowler, ... cannot fail to suit ... We've celebrated Pyrotechnic establishment ... and we ... with confidence ... of our work
...re Works and pieces supplied on application, Portland & Coos Express
...URCH & CLARK,
No. 407 Front street,
San Francisco.
...M OF FASHION!
...ZENS OF PORTLAND AND VICINITY.
... WHITE,
...te of New York City)
...A MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING ... at
... under the Dennison House
...p on hand a complete assortment of
...AND DRESS TRIMMINGS
...TLES in ladies and children's dress ... and vicinity are respectfully invited to ... a call
Store EMMA A WHITE

... GOODS.
...Y HUGHES,
...AGENT,
...e Plumb, New York.
...ER AND JOBBER
OF
...NCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN
GOODS.
...S, LINENS, WHITE GOODS
...RNISHING GOODS
...nd Merino Vests
...E NOTIONS.
...ary Goods, Etc.
...S BY EVERY STEAMER
...RY HUGHES, Agent.
...218 and 220 Battery street, ... between California and Sacramento

...Wanted.
...MEN [illegible] seeking for business ... to act as agents ... SALABLE ... guaranteed. Apply to ...
A B BUTLER Western Hotel

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BRINGHURST & CO.
General Agents for the Pacific Coast
416 and 418 Front street San Francisco

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In Walla Walla, 31st May 1863, of congestive fever Mrs ... wife of Hon Wm Cock, aged 40 years and ... days.

In Salem, June 6th, after a lingering illness B T ... Esq, formerly of Salem, in the 64th year of his age.

HODGE & CALEF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
97 Front Street,
OFFER FOR SALE—
LARD OIL—bbls and kegs
LINSEED OIL
ALCOHOL
WHITE LEAD—kegs and kits
TURPENTINE
VARNISHES
BRUSHES
PAINTERS' STOCK—all kinds
KEROSENE—different brands,
SPERM OIL,
CHINA
TANNERS' OIL
KEROSINE LAMPS
WINDOW GLASS
OCHRE, SHUMAR
At the Lowest Market Rates.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
In addition to our former large stock we are ... a public return to give ... and ... tions—for cash ...
Our [illegible] to ... of 30 years ... ensures ... and guarantee ... fulfillment ... orders.
HODGE & CALEF,
Dealers in Drugs [illegible]
97 Front street

ASSAY OFFICE.
TRACY & KING,
ASSAYERS,
Portland, Oregon.
E W TRACY ... MARK A KING,
Late Assistant Assayer in the United States Mint, San Francisco.

We also call attention to the following certificate
BRANCH OF THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES
San Francisco, Cal., ... 1861
ASSAYER'S OFFICE, Dec ... 1861
This is to certify that MARK A KING has been employed as an Assayer in the Mint at San Francisco from Oct 18[illegible] till the present time. His manipulations as an Assayer have been skillful and accurate.
Parties leaving or availing themselves of our services for Bullion may rest assured that nothing will be omitted by us tending to the (Signed) CONRAD WIEDENBEIN, Assayer.

We make returns for dust deposited with us for assay in six hours.
We are prepared to advance cash on dust for assay.
OFFICE, No. 88 FRONT ST,
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE WELLS FARGO & CO'S
We pay the Highest Price for Gold Dust
May 20 1863 ...

Paris and New York Fashions!
Millinery
DRY-GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
AND NOTIONS,
at Wholesale and Retail by
MRS. E. VAN FRIDAGH,
First street, between Morrison and Alder,
PORTLAND
MRS VAN FRIDAGH begs (thankful for past favors) would respectfully call attention of the Ladies and Dealers to her well-selected stock of
Millinery Goods
Dry and Fancy Goods,
—FOR THE—
SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF OWN MAKE BONNETS always on hand.
Superintending the manufactory in her own workshop of everything in her line, she feels confident of being able to give entire satisfaction to those favoring her with orders from the country promptly attended to.
CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER.
Bonnets Bleached altered and trimmed. oct1

BOISE LINE OF STAGES
BETWEEN
Umatilla Landing & Placerville,
(BOISE MINES)
WILL LEAVE UMATILLA LANDING on and after the 25th inst. (connecting with the PASSENGER TRAIN from Portland) until Burnt River is reached, and then through for Placerville, regularly at one time
3d, 13th, 20th & 27th of each Month
upon the arrival of the San Francisco passengers.
WILL LEAVE PLACERVILLE REGULARLY so as to connect Passengers with the San Francisco steamers.
Also a train of SADDLE MULES to Auburn and Idaho will leave regularly upon the arrival of the Express Coaches.
All Express Freights Forwarded Immediately.
All passengers & freights forwarded with care. Passenger Extra charge, except for baggage.
Pack Trains constantly on hand to forward any goods consigned to our care at the usual prices of freighting.
Fare to Boise ... $50 00
Fare to Auburn ... 45 00
Express and Passenger freights 40 cents per pound.
W K SNELL & CO.
May 9th 1863 ...

Hides, Wool & Furs.
NOTICE TO MERCHANTS & FARMERS.
THE undersigned having made extensive arrangements with one of the largest Hide and Fur Houses in the United States, is prepared to pay the best prices for
WOOL, HIDES AND FURS
Last in having an invoice on hand will do well to call on us.
MITCHELL, LENOX & CO
112 Front street, Portland, Or.
REFERENCES—Ladd & Co, Portland; [illegible]
The above have on hand this day and for sale a full assortment of
Groceries, Liquors, &c
All orders punctually attended to. apl8 ...
Oregon Statesman and *Washington Democrat* copy ...

Proposals for Beef.
QUARTERMASTER'S DEPOT, PORTLAND, OR, May 18, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M on the 30th day of June 1863, for the supply of FRESH BEEF for the Troops of the United States stationed at Fort Vancouver, W T, Fort Lapwai, Camp Watkins, Camp Lincoln, and Camp Howard, from 1st July 1863 to 30th June 1864.
The Beef to be delivered at such times and in such amounts as the Commanding Officer at each post may direct.
Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned at Portland, Oregon, and endorsed "Proposals for Fresh Beef."
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
Bidders must be present, or well represented by authorized agents, at the opening of the bids, or their bids will be entered only at the risk of the parties making them.
Bonds with two sufficient sureties will be required of the successful bidder for the faithful performance of the contract.
Drafts payable to the order of the undersigned will be given in payment for the beef delivered at the several posts, as the funds become available.
Blank proposals will be furnished on application at this office.
JNO M KING
Captain and A Q M

VALUABLE ROOMS TO LET.
W. W CHAPMAN informs all those that he has SECOND STORY FRONT OFFICES in THE PIONEER HOTEL, at present occupied by him. One is 25 by 40 feet, and the other consists of Office and Bedroom.
Also—3 Rooms in the Basement.
☞ CALL AND SEE THEM ☜
Portland June 1st 1863 ... Times copy

CARPET
WAREHOUSE,
WALTER BROS.
Cor. First and Stark Streets,
PORTLAND OREGON
WOULD respectfully inform the Public that they are receiving their winter
DIRECT FROM THE EAST,
NEW SUPPLIES of GOODS
—consisting in part—
Carpets, and
Paper Hangings
OF THE LATEST STYLES
FLOOR AND TABLE
Oil Cloths and Covers,
MATTINGS,
Which will be sold [illegible] and for all widths.
WINDOW SHADES,
Drab [illegible] Deep
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,
PARLOR AND BED ROOM RUGS
DOOR MATS of all Descriptions.
CRUMB CLOTHS STAIR RODS
CORNICES for all sizes of Windows
CURTAIN BANDS TOOLS AND HOLDERS
CURTAIN CIMPS & FRINCES
GREEN AND BUFF LINENS for Window Shades
PICTURE AND LOOKING GLASS TRIMMINGS
SPRINGS, TWINE, FURNITURE GIMPS and all Goods in the
Upholstery Line.
—ALSO—
Looking Glasses,
PICTURE MOLDINGS, &C.
Importing our Goods direct from the East and having the Largest Stock of any in the State, we can sell at the
Lowest San Francisco Prices.
Call before buying and examine the large and well-selected stock of
WALTER BROS.,
Corner of First and Stark street,
April 25, 1863 Portland

W. WEATHERFORD
Importer of
DRUGS, PAINTS

AND OILS,
No. 139 Front Street.
THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC is solicited to the NEW STOCK of
FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
and our LARGE STOCK of
PAINTS AND OILS
with a full supply of
Painter's Materials,
now receiving from the Eastern markets and offered
Wholesale or Retail,
at Lowest Market Prices.
Together with a full supply of
PATENT MEDICINES
TOILET ARTICLES,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
and all articles usually kept in a
First Class Drug Store.
Especial attention paid to the
PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT,
Prescriptions put up at all hours
DAY OR NIGHT.
W WEATHERFORD,
139 Front street
Portland Oregon April 18 1863 ...

KEROSENE!
1,000 Gallons
BEST QUALITY JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE
[illegible] suit by
W. WEATHERFORD,
DEALER IN
Drugs, Paints & Oils,
ap 18 3m 139 Front st, Portland.

NEW BOOKS.
MORRILL'S GEOGRAPHY
Colburn's Mental Arithmetic
Webster's Spellers
Davies' Bourdon's Algebra
Davies' Legendre's Geometry
Davies' Surveying
Davies' Bridge's Calculus
Davies' Shaw's Book-Keeping
Davies' Logic and Utility of Mathematics
Davies' Practical Mathematics
Davies' Elements of Analytical Geometry
Davies' Descriptive Geometry
Davies' Elements of Analytical Geometry and Analytical Mechanics
Davies' Elements of Differential and Integral Calculus
Davies' Elements of Descriptive Geometry, with Shades, Shadows and Perspective
Davies' Elements of Descriptive Geometry, Shades, Shadows and Perspective, and Spherical Projections
Davies' Elements of Descriptive Geometry, Shades, Shadows, Perspective and Linear Perspective and Warped Surfaces
Davies' Elements of Descriptive Geometry, Shades, Shadows, Perspective,

A Mysterious Lodger.

Continued.

We left the house and proceeded along Stockton street towards Happy Valley. For ten minutes not a word was spoken. Several times he seemed on the point of speaking, but he as often checked himself.

"Unless I may call you one, I have not a friend in California," he at length began, placing his hand upon my shoulder. I bowed, but made no reply.

"You do not speak," he continued, observing my silence. "I see to understand. I presume, that you are not to be made an exception."

"To be frank with you, Jansen," I replied, "there is a certain mystery about your movements calculated to give rise to suspicions anything but favorable."

"Of what nature?" inquired my companion.

"That you are a gambler, or even worse," I bluntly replied.

He smiled as he replied, "Yes, yes, I see; yet the suspicion wrongs me."

"Make it appear so," I answered "and you shall not want a friend."

"Promise that you will not divulge what I may tell you, or attempt by word or act to thwart me in the accomplishment of a purpose to which I have pledged my soul," he said, looking me earnestly in the face, "and you shall have the proof you require."

"If your purpose is not criminal, I promise; if otherwise keep your secret," was my answer.

"'Tis what you would do, or any other man worthy of the name."

"Then I promise here is my hand."

"Listen," he, resuming, taking my arm and walking slowly on. "I have a twin sister. We were born in Georgia; our parents were the possessors of a hundred slaves, with a plantation large enough to give all employment. When we were fourteen our father died. At the age of sixteen my sister became converted, during a religious revival, and six months after, in the face of the determined opposition of my mother, ran away with and married a young preacher, in whose eloquence the revival owed its origin. Learning they were married, my good mother sent for them, and they returned to receive her blessing. The plantation was placed in charge of my sister's husband, and he relinquished the Gospel. He frequently visited New Orleans, and other of the large Southern cities, during the first year of his marriage, but the circumstances excited no suspicion.

"To be brief, before two years elapsed, the large estate left by our father was swept from us, and we were almost bankrupt. He had induced my mother to mortgage the plantation, with the view, he said, of purchasing more negroes to work it, but the money was squandered, and the slaves we had were secretly sold by fives and tens, until less than a dozen remained. When asked to explain by my mother, he had no excuse to offer. In the midst of this great grief, another wife of Mayhew—that was the villain's name—suddenly made her appearance at the plantation. Learning the residence of her husband, but knowing nothing of his second marriage, she had left South Carolina to meet him. My poor sister was heart broken. Mayhew, to escape prosecution, fled from the State. His first wife was sent to the madhouse, and in three months my poor old mother was laid in the church yard. My grief-bowed sister—but I will not speak of her. Turning the wreck of our property into money, I started in pursuit of the scoundrel who had dealt such havoc with our peace. Through a dozen States I tracked him, and returned with my mission of vengeance unaccomplished. One year ago, by accident, I learned he was in California.

"As soon as I recovered from a serious illness under which I was laboring, I took passage for this State. I arrived six months ago. He is here, for I have seen him, and he cannot escape me now!. He is even in this city, but little dreams that the pistol is allotted to send him to the great reckoning. I have made few acquaintances, having no wish to implicate others in a work of blood which must be mine alone. Last night I followed him from the El Dorado, where he spends most of his time, to a house on Powell street. He has visited it frequently of late, and to-day I understand that he is paying his addresses to a widow lady of wealth residing there. But he will not marry her, for another week shall not see him alive! You now know all. Have I one friend in California?"

To see so much manhood exhibited by a beardless boy, surprised me beyond expression. I offered the brave little fellow my hand, and he felt that he was answered. In silence we returned to our lodgings. Bidding Jansen good night, I stepped into Smith's room for a moment. I found the old gentleman somewhat agitated. He had lost a valuable diamond pin that day, and freely intimated that the "slick young cuss," as he denominated Jansen, had stolen it. I so strenuously endeavored to dissipate the impression, that I verily believe he felt inclined to transfer the odium of the supposed theft to me. That night Smith snored louder than usual.

Three days after, I met Jansen in the street, and learned that he had taken rooms on Powell street. I did not require the reason—I thought I knew it. The next day I again met him. His face was unusually pale, yet he said he had not felt better for years. "There is to be a wedding on Powell street to-morrow, at least so Mayhew says, but there will be no bride; groom! Do you understand?" He placed his finger significantly to his lips, and we separated.

At eight o'clock the next evening, as Isaac Mayhew was mounting the steps of the house to which Jansen had traced him six days before, a pistol ball pierced his heart, and he dropped dead upon the pavement. Some unaccountable influence had drawn me to the neighborhood, and hearing the report of a pistol, Jansen's words flashed through my mind, and I started with a dozen others, in the direction of the tragedy. Before I arrived on the spot quite a crowd had collected. The body of Mayhew was lying upon the side-walk, and over it in speechless agony, stood the widow who was to have been a bride.

"Who saw this?" inquired a policeman.

"I heard the report of a pistol," said one of the crowd, "and a minute after, saw a man enter that building on the opposite side of the street."

In an instant the officer followed by the excited spectators, started for the house. Springing through the crowd, I reached the side of the policeman, and as he knocked at the door I was at his elbow. I felt that Jansen was there. The door was quickly opened, and a well dressed lady calmly inquired the object of the visit.

"We are looking for a man who a few minutes since, committed a murder across the street," said the officer.

"And do you expect to find him in my room, sir?" returned the lady.

"No madam," returned the policeman, rather politely for one of his calling; "but I will glance through your appartment merely as a matter of form before proceeding to the other portions of the house."

The officer entered, I closely following. While he was examining the room, I for the first time obtained a fair view of the lady's face. Involuntarily I threw up my hands in amazement. She detected the movement, and quick as thought, placed her finger to her lips. In a moment I comprehended all. Richard Jansen stood before me. No—Richard no longer, now that she had slain the destroyer of her peace, but Martha Jansen, my former fellow lodger. Heavens, what a discovery! And for me to have been so confoundedly blind, too, but no matter. The policeman searched but did not find the murderer.

The next day I met Martha on Montgomery street. She smiled and bowed, and I confess I thought her an exceedingly pretty woman.

A week after she quietly left the State for Georgia, where she is now residing. After the sailing of the steamer I received a note through the post office from Martha. She explained all, and thanked me for the assistance I had rendered her, and the kindness shown to her imaginary twin-brother, Richard.

When I informed Smith, as I did one evening, that the "sleek young cuss" whom he had viewed with so much suspicion was a woman, he waited for me to repeat the assertion, and then checked himself in the act of calling me a liar. The news excited Smith, and he went to bed drunk that night, and snored as he had never snored before.

She who was to have been the third wife of Mayhew still lives in San Francisco. She was married in August last. I met her in the street a few days ago. How vividly the sight of her face brought to mind the incidents I have related! She will read this little story, perhaps, and learn for the first time, why she did not become the wife of Mayhew, the bigamist.

The rebels, the other day, captured a passenger train on the railroad between Murfreesboro' and Nashville, consisting of a first-class locomotive and seven cars, in which were between forty and fifty officers of various grades from Colonel downwards, two companies of the Tenth Michigan regiment, fifteen sutlers, a large army mail and several bags of official documents, together with a quantity of express goods. Every man upon the train was marched off to Dixie. By this single dash the rebels secured as many officers as they could hope to capture in a good sized battle, and a large amount of valuable information in the army mail concerning our movements.

LEGAL.

U. S. INCOME TAX.

THE LAW CONTEMPLATES THAT EVERY ONE shall pay on all net profits (over $600) derived from any source whatever. No person is allowed to deduct all legally assessed National, State and County Taxes, hired help, Rents, Drayage, &c., necessary to carry on his business; but no farmer, mechanic, or any person has a right to deduct the value of his own labor or his much expense from his income.

The Income Tax is to be paid on the income of the year commencing January 1st, 1862, so that on the evening of December 31st, 1862, everybody should make up a record of their income gains or profits for that year. And as many sources of income, such as Dividends and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, Insurance Stock, Savings Banks, interest, &c., (they having already paid the income tax,) are not again taxed. It therefore becomes necessary to have a clear record of the sources of income, that there may be no dispute with the Assessor.

All corporations must deduct the three per centum before declaring their dividends.

For Example:

A man in business may make up the net profits of his business for the year, and pay the tax on the amount over $600.

A man may, outside of his business, spend all and even more than his profits in the business; nevertheless he must pay tax on all nett business profits except the $600. Also with a salary, all over $600 must be taxed, though personal or family expenses consume it all.

The Income Tax for the year 1862 is assessable on the first day of May, 1863, and due and payable on or before the 30th day of June, 1863, and may mean the month following duly after the 30th June, as aforesaid, and for ten days after demand by the Collector, five per centum will be added to the amount unpaid.

Each individual of any firm or partnership must make up his income separately.

THOS. FRAZAR,
U. S. Assessor for Oregon.

U. S. Assessor's Office, Portland, April 4th, 1863.
Statesman, Advocate, Argus, Mountaineer, and Sentinel copy, five months. apr14w2m

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE following is the division of the State of Oregon into Five United States Assessment Districts, with the names of the Assistant Assessor for each District and their places of residence:

1st District—Columbia, Clatsop and Tillamook—Preston W. Gillette, Astoria, Clatsop county.

2d District—Washington and Yamhill—Thos. D. Humphrey, Washington county, (Portland P. O.)

3d District—Multnomah—H. C. Coulson, Portland.

4th District—Clackamas and Marion—Abner P. Gaines, Jefferson, Marion county.

5th District—Polk and Benton—Wm. A. K. Mellon, Monmouth, Polk county.

6th District—Linn and Lane—Samuel B. Crandon, Freedom, Lane county.

7th District—Douglas and Umpqua—J. J. Crawford, Oakland, Umpqua county.

8th District—Coos and Curry—George L. Dean, Port Orford, Curry county.

9th District—Josephine and Jackson—Chas. W. Savage, Jacksonville, Jackson county.

10th District—Wasco—Robert B. Reed, Dalles, Wasco county.

THOS. FRAZAR,
U. S Assessor for State of Oregon.

Portland, Nov. 12th, 1862.

U. S. Assessor's Notice.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that under the provisions of the Excise Law of the United States persons who are engaged in buying and selling Stocks, Coined Money, BANK Notes or securities, for themselves or others, or who deal in exchange relating to money, BUYING OR SELLING GOLD DUST, are regarded as Brokers, and must take out a license therefor.

Persons whose business it is to buy and sell Gold Dust, Bank Notes, &c., as above stated, without a license, are subject to a penalty of $150.

THOS. FRAZAR,
U. S. Assessor for Oregon.

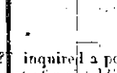
Portland, Jan 23, 1863.

2000 FEET CHOICE HICKORY PLANK, For sale by HENRY LAW.

WANTED!

ONE HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS

To Serve Three Years Unless Sooner Discharged.



To Enlisted Men, who shall have served two years or during the War, if sooner ended.

$100 will be paid as Bounty.

THE COMPANY WILL CONSIST OF ONE CAPTAIN, one First and one Second Lieutenant, one First Sergeant, one Quartermaster Sergeant, one Commissary Sergeant, five Sergeants, eight Corporals, two Teamsters, two Buglers or Blacksmiths, and eighty-one Privates. Total, One Hundred Enlisted Men.

Pay per Month.

First Sergeant, per month	$ 20
All other Sergeants	17
Corporals	16
Buglers, Teamsters, Blacksmiths and Privates	13

In addition, the men will be furnished with good substantial quarters and rations at the usual Government allowance for clothing (or the value thereof, $10 per month), which an enlisted man draws less than his yearly allowance of clothing; he will be entitled to the difference in money. The men will be enlisted for service After being mustered into the service of the United States, the appointment of commissioned officers will be made.

Enlisted men will be sent to Fort Vancouver (Government expense, to be refunded on mustered into the service of the United States, where arms and clothing will be furnished.

Office in Kingsley's Building, First Street.

JOHN F. INGALLS,
Recruiting Officer.

Portland, Feb 5th, 1863.

Commission and Purchasing AGENT,

SAN FRANCISCO,

ORDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF MERCHANDISE and articles of every description are solicited by the undersigned.

A residence in this city of over ten years, and experience in the business of nearly the same length of time, are considered sufficient to warrant the confidence of persons in the country who may desire to make their purchases here, through the agency of a reliable party; to whom by looking for a permanent agent in San Francisco. To further the above facilities, the services are engaged with the undersigned by him that no effort on his part is expected to execute their commissions satisfactorily.

All orders must be accompanied with the Cash or City Reference.

Those desiring information concerning the undersigned are referred to

T. COLEMAN & Co., San Francisco.
W. H. CHAMBERLAIN & Co.,
LANSTAT, DOUGLAS & Co.,
FLINT, BEAUDRY & Co.,
HALL, PERKINS & Co.,
ROSS, DENNISTON & Co.,
J. ANTHONY & Co., Union Office, Sacramento City.

And to the Proprietor of the *Oregonian*.

All Goods purchased by the undersigned will be Insured, Shipped, Marked, Invoiced and Forwarded to their destination without delay.

L. P. FISHER,
Commission and Purchasing Agent,
625 Washington Street, up-stairs,
Opposite Maguire's Opera House, San Francisco.

U. S. Mail Line!

FOR MONTICELLO, ASTORIA, AND OLYMPIA.

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.

THE STEAMER

COWLITZ,

Olson ..... Commander,

WILL leave Portland every morning at six o'clock, for Monticello.

The steamer *Belle*, Capt. Downey, will leave Monticello for Astoria every Monday and Thursday, on the arrival of the *Cowlitz*.

Fare to Astoria..... $6 00

Portland, Dec 26th, 1862. dtf

EVERY MAN TO HIS TRADE,

HAVING MADE A PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT with a Practical

Pattern-Maker,

One who has served a regular apprenticeship at the business, I will furnish all ordinary Patterns used at my Foundry,

Free of Charge or Cost.

I have the Largest Stock of Patterns of all varieties on this coast.

CASTINGS furnished on shortest notice.

Also, a large quantity of BABBITT'S METAL always on hand.

aug28tf DAVID MONNASTES.

Ambrotypes, &c.

D. H. HENDEE, Artist,

In the Rooms in the same Building with T. H. Mitchell, Esq., Dr. Glisan, and Prof. Scollak,

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

WILL TAKE PICTURES ON PAPER, OILCLOTH and Iron, put up in Lockets, Rings, Pins, and a large variety of Good Style Cases at a much lower price than ever sold in Portland.

The best time for taking pictures of children is between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M. oct28 3m

To County Clerks:

Marriage Certificates—and accompanying blanks, for sale at the OREGON FARMER OFFICE.

ALSO—

Road Supervisor's Blanks—specially pattern up to conform with the Road Law passed at the last session of the Legislature.

All orders promptly filled.

For Sale, to Arrive per Barque Industry.

20 TONS OF CHOICE BREWING BARLEY, at reduced rates, by HENRY LAW,
March 13tf 25 Front street.

Quicksilver.

JUST RECEIVED 200 FLASKS QUICKSILVER from the New Almaden Quicksilver Company, and for sale by quantities to suit, by TRACY & KING,
Feb 4th, 1863.tf Agents, Portland.

GOLD PAID FOR GREENBACKS.

At CHARLES BARRETT'S.

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL HAVE THE BEST ARRANGED GALLERY in OREGON

Look!

3 STATES PAPERS FOR 25 CENTS at CHARLES BARRETT'S.

WAGON AND BUGGY BOWS, BEGGY SHAFTS and WAGON MATERIAL of all kinds.
For sale by HENRY LAW.

4000 FT. CHOICE EASTERN OAK PLANK, For sale by HENRY LAW.

200 LARGE ASH POLES FOR OX WAGONS. For sale by HENRY LAW,
22 Front street, Portland.

3000 FT. SECOND GROWTH EASTERN ASH PLANK, For sale by HENRY LAW.

Lime at Reduced Rates!

FRESH SANTA CRUZ LIME, at $5 per bbl at the kiln.
jan7tf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

BUTTER! BUTTER!!

A FIRKIN LOT OF OREGON BUTTER IN SACKS, for sale in store, for cash by
Feb 5th, 1863tf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

5000 LBS CHOICE SIDE BACON, For sale by HENRY LAW.

HICKORY AXLES, of all sizes, For sale by HENRY LAW,
25 Front street, Portland.

50 BUSHELS FIELD PEAS FOR SEED. For sale by HENRY LAW,
22 Front street, Portland.

NO. 633.

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that public sales will be held at the several Land offices in the Territories of Washington and Kansas, and the States of Michigan and Oregon, at the periods hereinafter designated, to wit:

In the Territory of Washington.

At the Land Office at VANCOUVER, commencing on **Monday, the Third (3) Day of August next.**

North of the Base Line and East of the Willamette Meridian.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 1.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 2.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 3.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 4.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 5.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 6.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 7.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 8.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 9.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 10.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 11.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 12.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 13.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 14.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 15.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 16.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 17.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 18.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 19.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 20.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 21.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 22.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 23.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 24.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 25.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 26.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 27.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 28.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 29.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 30.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 31.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 32.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 33.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 34.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 35.

Fractional township 2 north of Columbia river, containing all of Vancouver Island except the western extreme; township 3, and 5, of range 36.

At the Land Office at Olympia.

Commencing on **Monday, the thirteenth (13th) day of July next,** for the disposal of the public lands heretofore offered at that time, the following townships and parts of townships, viz:

North of the Base Line and East of the Willamette Meridian.

The unsurveyed portion of township 12; township 16; fractional township 17, east and west of the Naqually river; fractional township 18; and fractional township 19, except that portion east of Puget Sound and the Naqually river; fractional townships 20, 21, and 22; township 23; fractional townships 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31; fractional township 32, except so much of township 32 as is bounded by Point Arena and Port Orford; fractional township 33; fractional townships 34, south of Deception Pass; sections 1 to 15 inclusive, section 17 to 21 inclusive, and sections 27, 28, 29, 32, 33 and 34, of township 39, of range 3.

Section 1 of township 39, of range 4.

That E. ½ of N.E. ¼, the S.E. ¼ of N.E. ¼, the N.E. ¼ of S.E. ¼, and lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, of section 35, of township 17, lot 1 and 2 of section 6, and fractional sections 7 and 18, of township 20; fractional townships 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32 and 33, fractional sections 30 and 31, and lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, of section 32, of township 34; fractional sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 24, 25, 35 and 36, of township 37; sections 1 to 5 inclusive, sections 9 to 14 inclusive, and fractional sections 17, 23, 24 and 25, of township 38, of range 2.

Fractional sections 6 and 7, of township 25; fractional township 22; and fractional township 24, east of Admiralty Inlet; fractional townships 29, 30, 27, 28 and 30; fractional township 31, west of Puget Sound; sections 17 to 22 inclusive, lots 1, 2 and 3 of section 26, sections 25 to 32 inclusive, and fractional section 33, of township 32; sections 4 to 9 inclusive, sections 17 to 21 inclusive, and sections 28 to 33 inclusive, of township 38, of range 3.

Township 23; fractional townships 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30, of range 4.

North of the Base Line and West of the Willamette Meridian.

Fractional sections 1, 2 and 3, south of Coal Harbor; lots 1 and 2 of section 4, lots 1 and 2 of section 5, and lots 1 and 2 of section 6, all in township 1, north of range 1 west.

Fractional township 2, north of range 1 west.

Fractional township 3, north of range 1 west.

Fractional township 4, north of range 1 west.

Fractional township 5, north of range 1 west.

Fractional township